# Specialty Elastomers in EV Powertrain and Drivetrain

New challenges towards eFluids compatibility



IOM3 Seminar | Elastomers in Energy Transition March 28<sup>th</sup> 2025 Dr. Björn Nelson – Technical Manager Europe

# **Agenda**



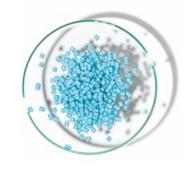
#### 1. ZEON Introduction

- 2. ZEON Elastomers in Powertrain and Drivetrain
- 3. Elastomer Compatibility in New Generation Fluids for EV Powertrain and Drivetrain
  - Drivetrain Lubrication
  - Thermal Management

# ZEON Overview | Dedicated to Rubbers & Elastomers since 1950 ZEON













#### **Company Profile**

**Zeon Corporation** Name:

Established: April 12th, 1950

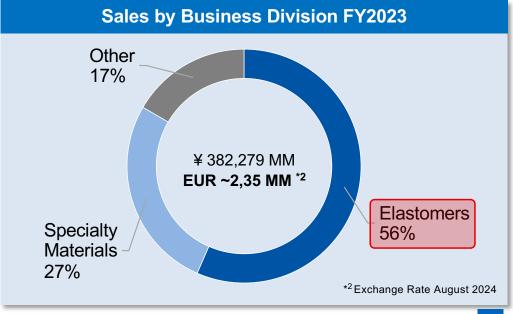
Head Office: Tokyo, Japan

Capital:\*1 ¥ 24,2 MM

Employees:\*1 4,462

Consolidated Net Sales FY23: ¥ 382,279 MM

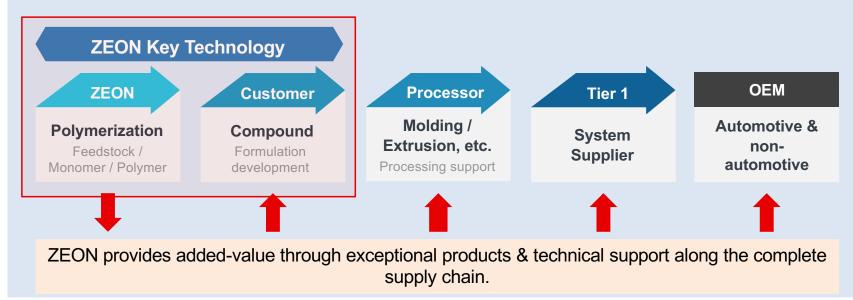
\*1 as of March 31st. 2024



#### **Providing Solutions & Support along the Complete Value Chain**



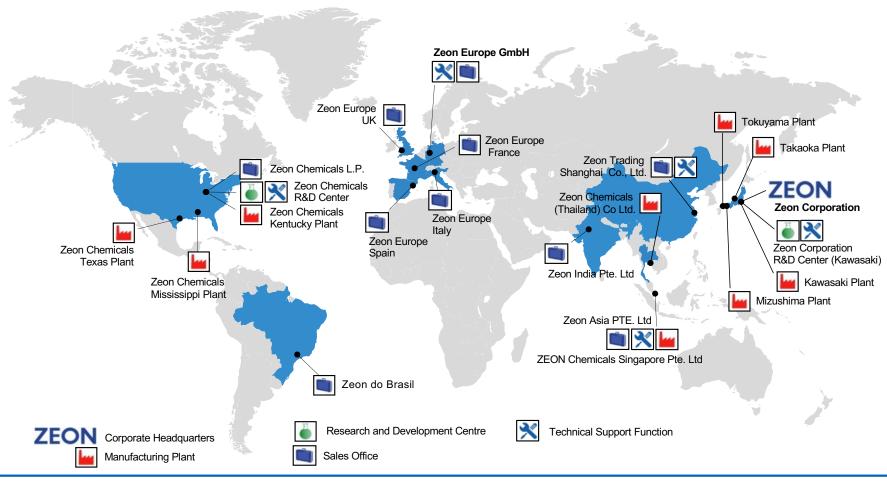




#### **ZEON Worldwide**



#### Providing high-performance materials to customers worldwide

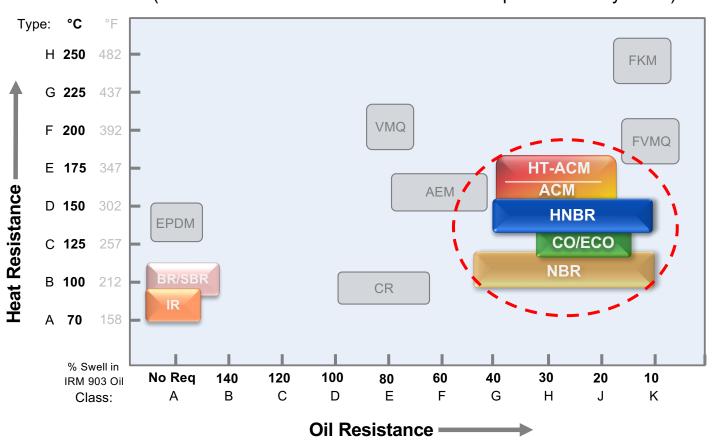


# **ZEON | Elastomer Portfolio Overview**



#### ZEON elastomers serve in heat, oil, and fuel environments for automotive applications

(Based on the ASTM D2000 & SAE J200 Specification Systems)





ZEON Flagship Specialty Elastomer Products

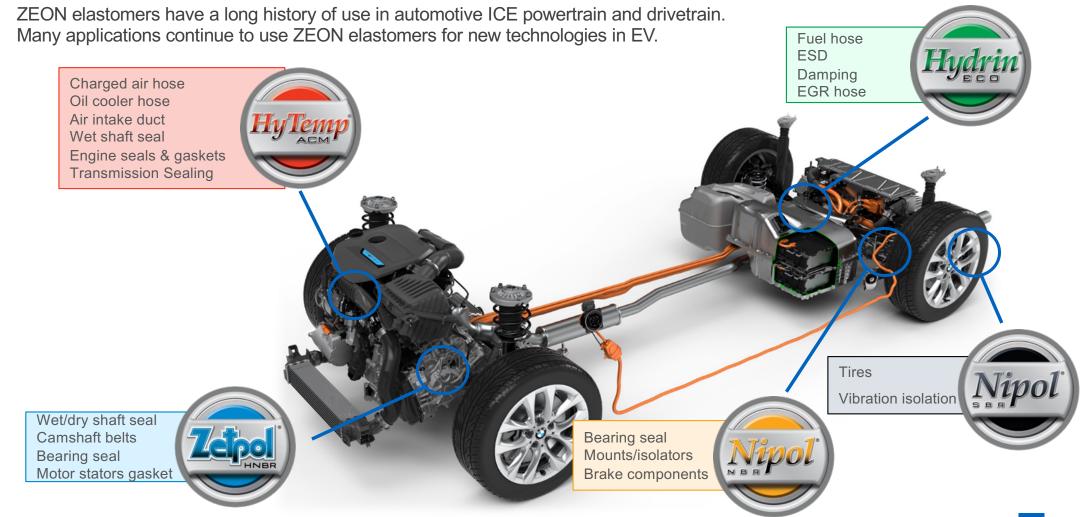
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#### **ZEON Elastomers in Powertrain and Drivetrain**





# **BEV Powertrain and Drivetrain Sealing**



#### Significantly reduced amount of elastomers used in BEV powertrain/drivetrain compared to ICE

- Air intake ducts
- Charged air hose
- Oil cooler hose
- Rotational shaft sealing
- Small gaskets and O-rings for connectors, inverter and motor sealing, oil pump, etc.
- Valve cover and oil pan sealing
- EGR and breather hoses
- Transmission/transfer case vent hoses
- Engine mounts
- Fuel filler and vapor recovery hose

### **BEV Powertrain and Drivetrain Sealing – Shaft Seal**



Observations: Many carry-over materials and specifications from ICE to EV for seal and gasket

- OEM / Tiers report temperatures to 150°C, some >160°C
- Most common materials
  - >ACM
  - >HNBR<</p>
- High rotational speeds of some EV motors require >FKM< or >PTFE< type dynamic shaft seal due to high heat from friction
- New oils and oil additive packages are being developed for BEV may impact elastomer selection or compound considerations

# **BEV Drivetrain Use Cases | HyTemp ACM**



#### Use Example

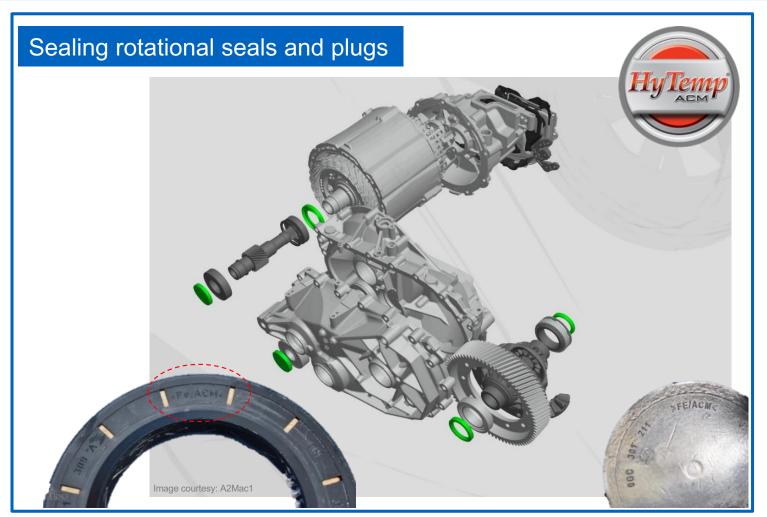


Model: VW ID.4 Year: 2021

Need:

High temperature
ATF and gear oil resistance
Cold Temperature Flexibility

Material: >ACM<



# **BEV Drivetrain Use Cases | Zetpol HNBR**



#### Use Example



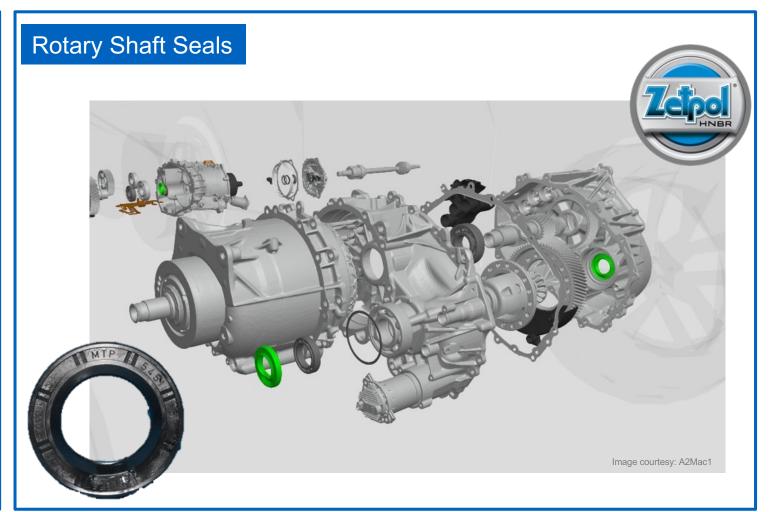
Model: Tesla Model S Plaid

Year: 2021

#### Need:

Mechanical Strength
Temperature Resistance
ATF & Gear Oil Resistance

Material: >HNBR<



# **BEV Powertrain and Drivetrain Sealing – Gaskets**



#### Use Example



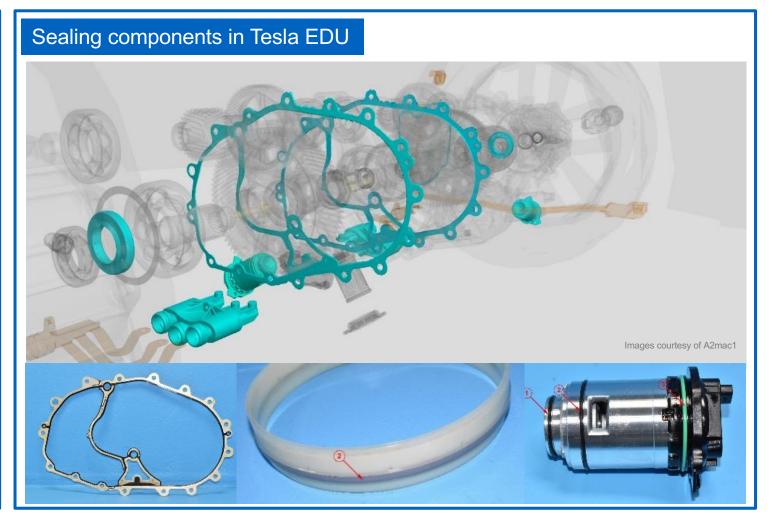
Model: Tesla Model S Plaid

Year: 2021

#### Need:

Mechanical Strength
Temperature Resistance
ATF & Gear Oil Resistance

Material: >HNBR<



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# EV fluids | new product lines for automotive fluid suppliers **ZEON**

Producer		new product line
Total	TotalEnergies	Quartz EV fluid
Shell		Shell E Fluids
Castrol	<b>Castrol</b>	Castrol On
Exxon Mobil	Ex∕onMobil	Mobil EV
Fuchs	FUCHS	Fuchs BlueEV

New fluids are developed by all leading automotive fluid suppliers to meet specific requirements for EV applications

- Too many fluids to test all of them, many under development or changing
- Different additives of fluid can have different effect on polymer
- Two major areas of eFluids identified:
  - (1) Drivetrain Lubrication
  - (2) Thermal Management
- ZEON is collaborating with many leading fluid suppliers and is willing to work with Tiers in testing or compound development for specific fluids

<sup>...</sup> and many more

# **Agenda**



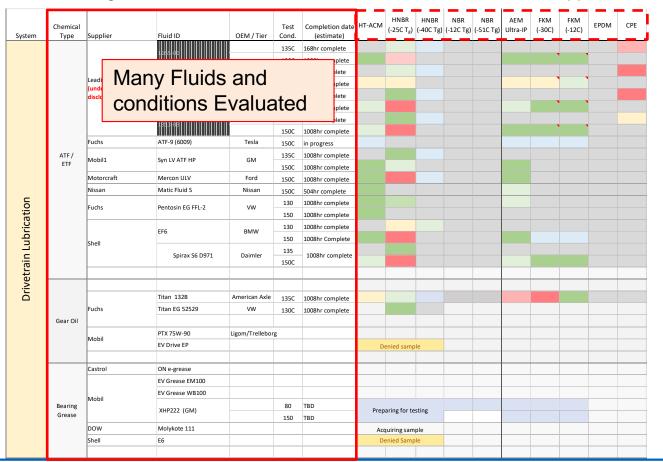
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#### **Drivetrain Iubrication – Test Matrix Overview**



Zeon is testing a broad range of gear oils and ATF's currently used or promoted for use in EV. Similar classes of fluids can have very different results due to additive packages, etc.

Understanding elastomer chemistries + collaboration with fluid / seal suppliers is essential for proper material selection.

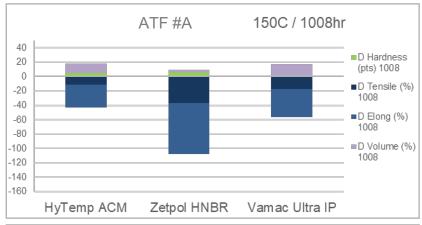


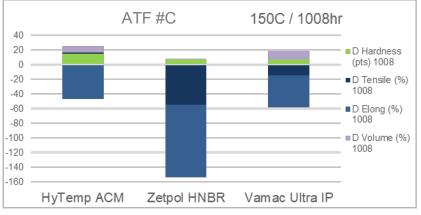
compat	ibility assesment:
Rating	Criteria @ 1008 h
	ΔTB/EB <-30%
	HC < +- 10
	Δ TB/EB <-50%
	EB > 100%
	VC 10-20%
	HC<+- 10
	Δ TB/EB <-50%
	EB > 100%
	VC 10-20%
	HC<+- 10
	Δ TB/EB -50% ~-60%
	EB < 100%
	VC 25%
	HC>+- 15
	significant loss
	not tested

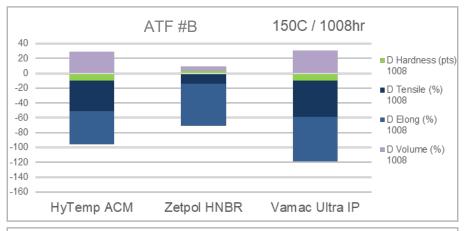
# **Major Supplier of EV fluids | ATF**

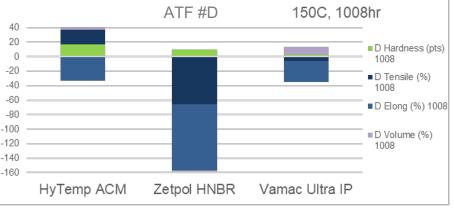


Important to understand how each fluid will impact the elastomer  $\rightarrow$  'Off the shelf' seal solution may not be optimal material Below example demonstrates how four different ATFs from the same fluid supplier can have varying effect on polymers:





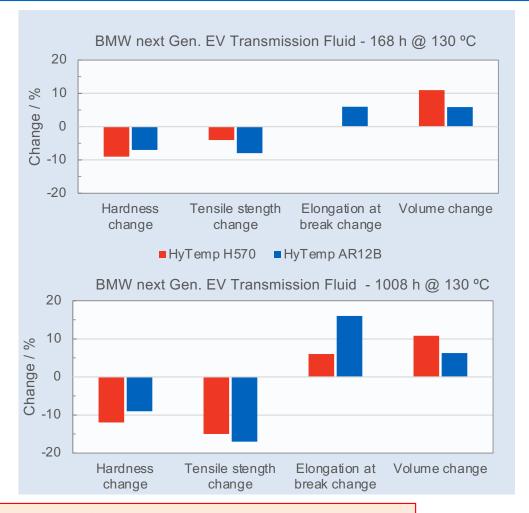




# **ACM | EU OEM transmission fluid**



Ingredient	HyTemp H570	HyTemp AR12B
Polymer Characteristic	LT-improved Sealing Grade	Std. Sealing grade
HT-ACM Polymer	100	100
N550	55	50
Process Aid #1	0,5	0,5
Antioxidant	2	2
Process Aid #2	1	1
DBU Salt – Polymer bound	2	2
Diamine Curative	0,6	0,6
Total	161,1	156,1
Original Properties, PostCured		
Hardness A, (pts)	66	61
Modulus @ 100 % (MPa)	4,3	4,5
Tensile (MPa)	8,8	10,0
Elongation, (%)	203	217
Compression Set – Air, 1008h, 130	°C, ISO 815-1 Metho	od B
Set (%)	40	38

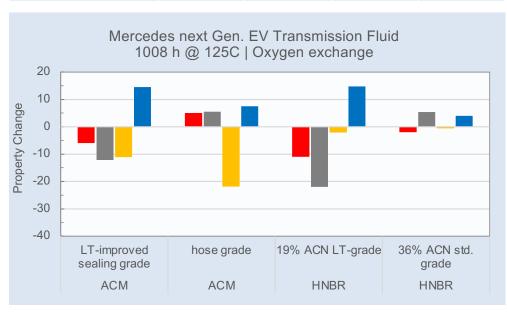


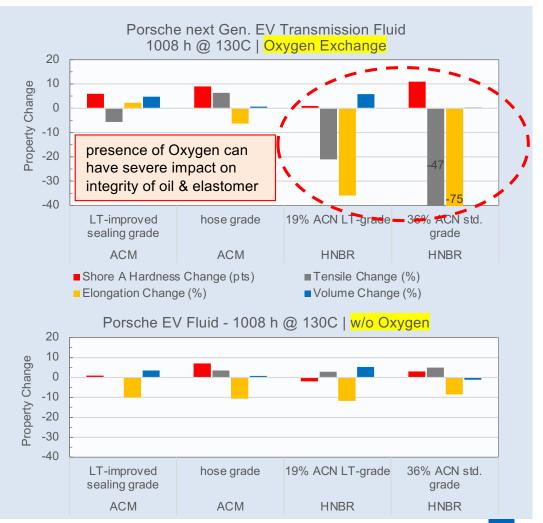
HyTemp ACM shows excellent resistance to BMW next. Generation EV transmission Fluid

### **ACM & HNBR | Further EU OEM transmission fluid testing**



Grade Name	HyTemp H570	HyTemp AR212XP	Zetpol 4300	Zetpol 2000L
Elastomer Type	ACM	ACM	HNBR	HNBR
Characteristics	LT-improved sealing grade	hose grade	19% ACN LT-grade	36% ACN std. grade
Cure system	diamine	diamine	peroxide	peroxide
lodine value / g/100g	-	-	max. 10	max. 7





#### **Characterizing Elastomer Materials' Performance Capabilities**



#### Impact of potential PFAS ban on specialty elastomer landscape

#### Based on the ASTM D2000 & SAE J200 **Specification Systems** Type: °C 275 potential Н 250 PFAS ban G 225 Heat Resistance **F** 200 **VMQ** HT-ACM **E** 175 ACM AEM D 150 **HNBR EPDM** C 125 CO/ECO CSM >ACM< and >HNBR< to become 100 В E/S-SBR "Best in Class" elastomers 75 Α BR for heat + oil resistance % Swell in 50

Е

Oil Resistance

IRM 903 Oil

Class:

140

В

130 120

С

110

- For future PFAS regulation my restrict or ban use of fluorinated materials: >FKM<, >FVMQ<, >PTFE<</li>
- If fluoroelastomers are restricted, the next-best sealing material are:

#### >ACM<:

- -40 °C to >175 °C continuous use
- Excellent resistance to hydrocarbon-based fluids
- Not recommend to be used in polar fluids (e.g. coolant / water)

#### >HNBR<:

- –45 °C to +150 °C continuous use
- Excellent universal resistance vs. (automotive) service fluids, hydrocarbon-based fluids, but also vs. polar fluids, aqueous media (coolant / water) and acids & bases.

# **Agenda**

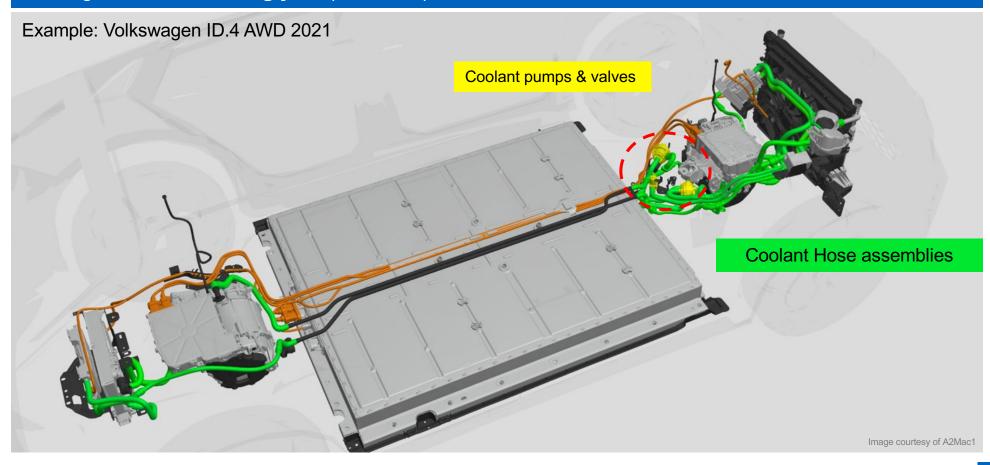


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# **Elastomers in EV Thermal Management Systems**



Most common cooling technology for EV is cold plate or tubes internal to the battery. Cooling medium is **water/glycol** (EV + ICE)

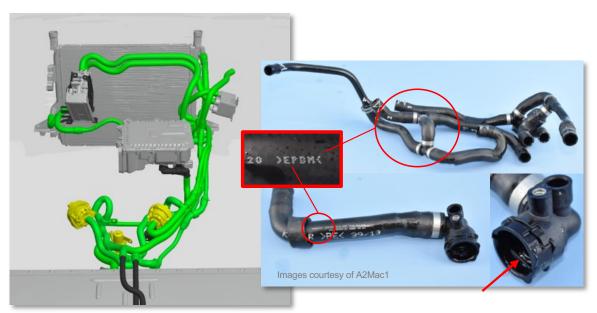


# **Elastomers in EV Thermal Management Systems**

# **ZEON**

Elastomers used with plastics in EV thermal management

- Coolant pumps O-rings and gaskets
- Coolant hoses
- Hose connector seals and O-rings





Predominant *elastomer* for use in water/glycol cooling system is >EPDM<

>EPDM< is in competition to plastics due to weight and cost saving (e.g. >PA12<)

# **Battery Enclosure Sealing – Pressure Relief Valve**







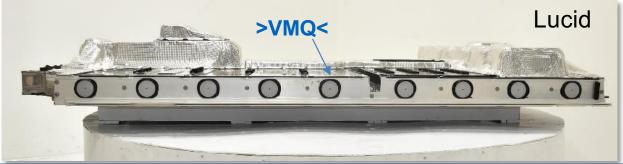


Image courtesy: A2Mac1

# **Battery Enclosure Sealing – Frame Seal**

**ZEON** 

PIP: 'press in place' FIP: 'form in place'

Ford: Extruded or lathe cut >EPDM<



BMW: >VMQ< (PIP or FIP)



Rivian: PIP >EPDM<



Image courtesy: caresoft

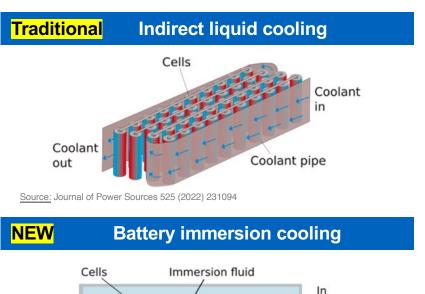
### Thermal management fluids

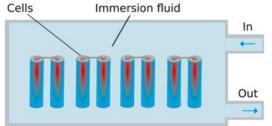


#### Customer need of fast charging requires improved EV thermal management concepts.

Several EU OEMs have announced new platforms that will implement immersion cooling using dielectric fluids (electrical-insulative) in the future.

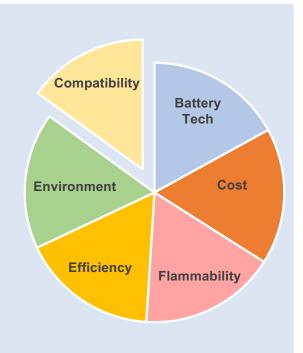
Next-gen. coolant systems can require use of specialty elastomers with improved media resistance.





Many considerations for changing cooling system from water/glycol → dielectric fluid

What is the impact to elastomer requirements?

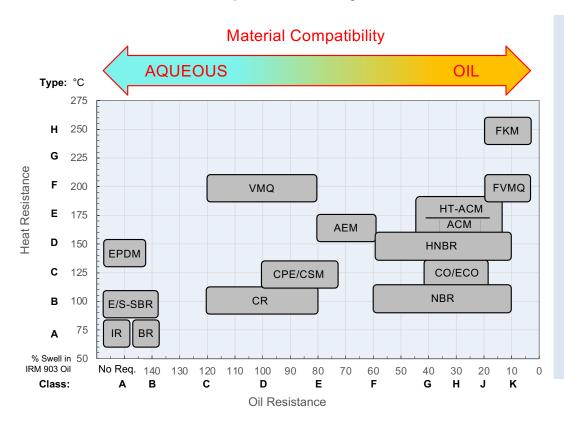


#### **Evaluation of Elastomers in Dielectric Fluids**



#### ZEON has studied compatibility of elastomers in a range of dielectric fluid types

# Based on the ASTM D2000 & SAE J200 Specification Systems



Relevant fluids can be categorized in three groups:

- (1) Singe phase Hydrocarbon Oils (Polyalpha Olefine | PAO)
- (2) Single phase Ester based
- (3) Hydrofluoroether based

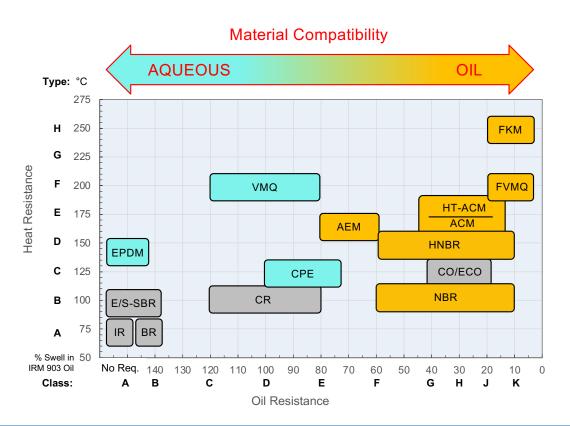
Dielectric Fluid chemistry ≄ water / glycol
All dielectric fluids ≄ All dielectric Fluids

#### **Evaluation of Elastomers in Dielectric Fluids**



#### Elastomers evaluated consist of both aqueous and oil resistant types used in automotive

# Based on the ASTM D2000 & SAE J200 Specification Systems



Compatibility	Material Type	Variation
	>EPDM<	med. diene low ethylene
Aqueous	>VMQ<	seal producer supplied
	>CPE<	35% CI content
	NIDD 4	−51°C T <sub>g</sub>
	>NBR<	−12°C T <sub>g</sub>
	> LINIDD <	−40°C T <sub>g</sub>
Oil	>HNBR<	−25°C T <sub>g</sub>
	>ACMAEM<	~ –28°C T <sub>g</sub>
	>EVM/	−30°C T <sub>g</sub>
	>FKM<	−12°C T <sub>g</sub>

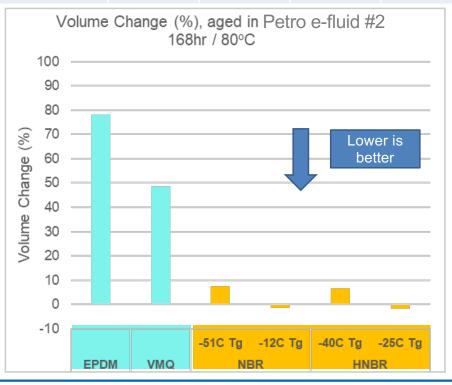
# **Dielectric Fluid – Hydrocarbon Oil (PAO)**

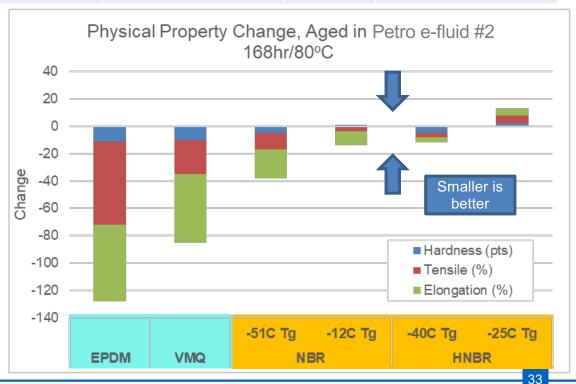
# **Elastomers in Hydrocarbon based Dielectric Fluids**



#### As expected, oil resistant elastomers perform well in Hydrocarbon based type fluids

Fluid Type	EPDM	VMQ	СРЕ	NBR		HNBR		HT-ACM /	FKM	
				–51°C Tg	−12°C Tg	–40°C Tg	−25°C Tg	AEM	−30°C Tg	-12°C Tg
Hydrocarbon Based (PAO)	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

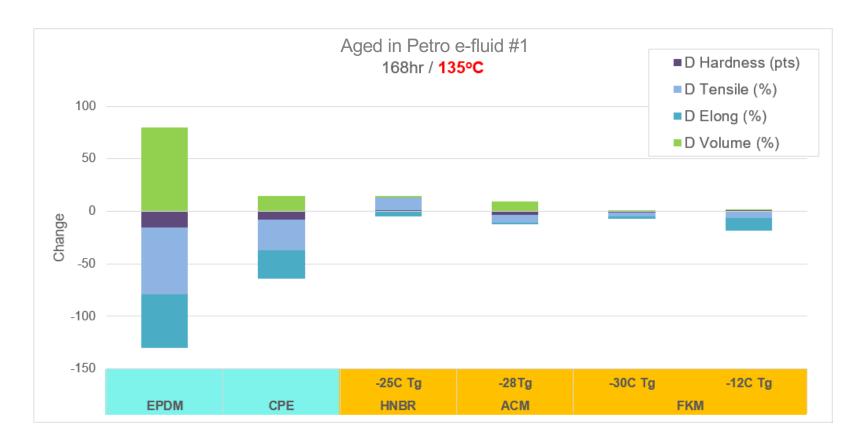




# **Elastomers in Hydrocarbon based Dielectric Fluids**



Even at elevated temperature, high temperature, oil resistant elastomers continue to perform well in Hydrocarbon based type fluids



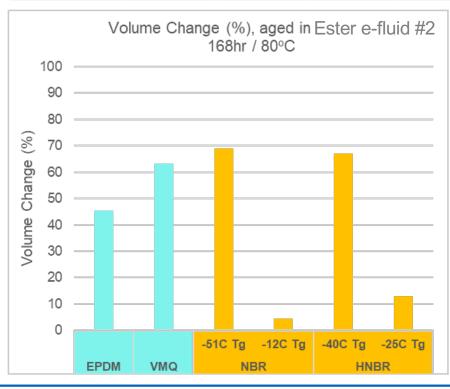
# **Dielectric Fluid – Ester**

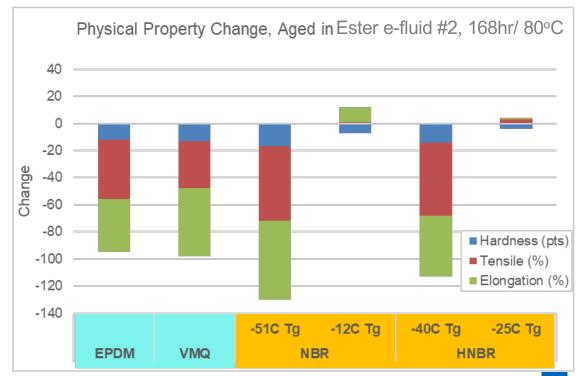
#### **Elastomers in Ester Dielectric Fluids**



#### Ester type fluids have varying effect on polymers, even within same family of polymer

Fluid Type	EPDM	VMQ	СРЕ	NBR		HNBR		HT-ACM /	FKM	
	EPDIVI			–51°C Tg	–12°C Tg	–40°C Tg	–25°C Tg	AEM	–30°C Tg	−12°C Tg
Ester	0	0	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	1	$\Diamond$	1	$\Diamond$	$\nabla$	$\Diamond$

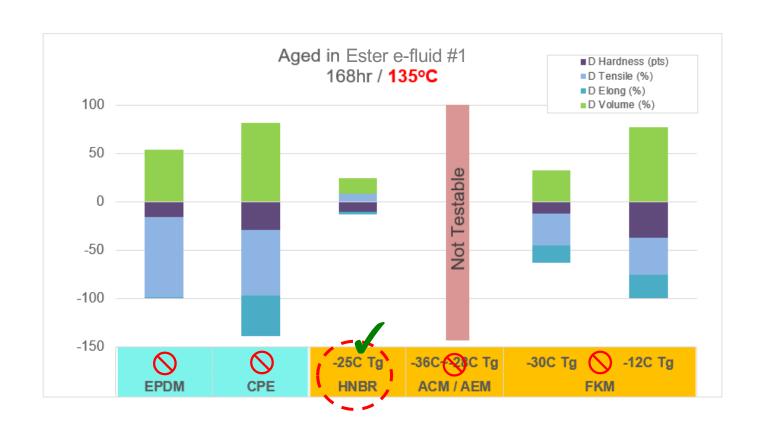




#### **Elastomers in Ester Dielectric Fluids**



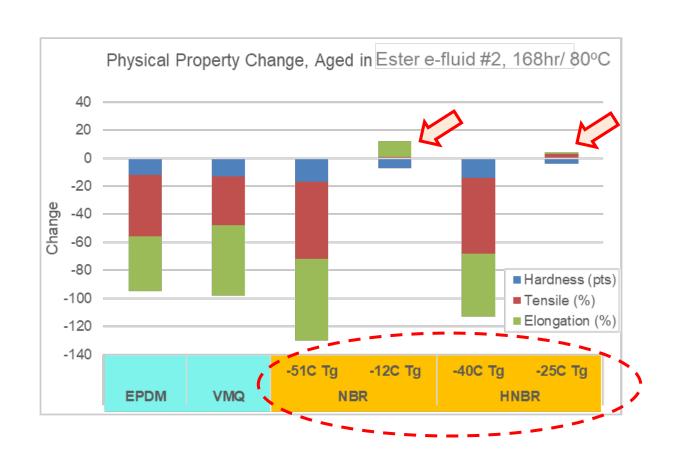
#### Zetpol HNBR maintains compatibility with ester type dielectric fluids at high temperature



#### **Elastomers in Ester Dielectric Fluids**



#### Understanding polymer chemistry can help predict performance in functional application



# **Dielectric Fluid – Hydrofluoroether**

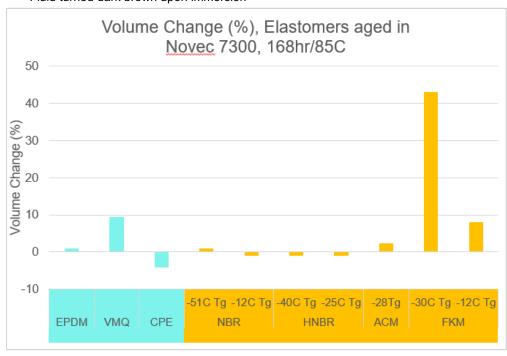
### **Elastomers in Hydrofluoroether Dielectric Fluids**

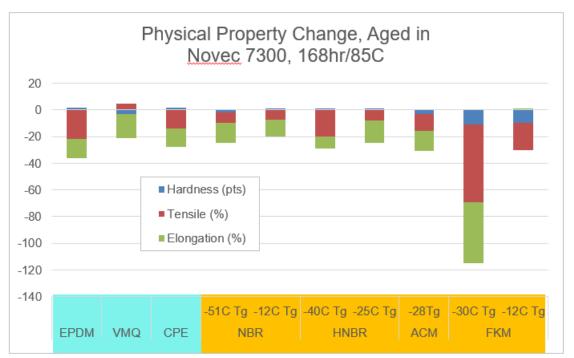


#### Hydrofluoroether solvent immersion resulted in similar compatibility with many elastomer types

	Fluid Type	EPDM	VMQ	СРЕ	NBR		HNBR		HT-ACM /	FKM	
					–51°C Tg	–12°C Tg	–40°C Tg	–25°C Tg	AEM	–30°C Tg	−12°C Tg
	Fluoroether	<b>√</b> *	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	1	✓	1	1	✓	$\Diamond$	1

<sup>\*</sup> Fluid turned dark brown upon immersion





## **Elastomers in Dielectric Fluids | Summary**



#### Elastomers suitable for water/glycol coolant may not be compatible with dielectric fluids

		Aqueous-r	esistant m	aterials	Oil-resistant elastomers							
	Florid Tons	d Type EPDM	VMO	CDE	NE	NBR		HNBR		FKM		
	Fluid Type		VMQ	CPE	Tg -51°C	Tg –12°C	Tg –40°C	Tg /_25°C	ACM	Tg -30°C	Tg –12°C	
trad. Fluids	Water / Glycol (<100°C)	1	1	$\nabla$	<b>V</b>	$\nabla$	1	1	$\nabla$	1	1	
ric	Hydrocarbon based (PAO)	0	0	$\nabla$	1	1	1	<b>√</b>	1	<b>√</b>	<b>✓</b>	
Dielectric Fluids	Ester	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	$\Diamond$	0	<b>✓</b>	$\Diamond$	1	$\Diamond$	$\nabla$	$\Diamond$	
	Hydrofluoro- ether	<b>√</b> *	1	1	1	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>	11	✓	$\Diamond$	<b>✓</b>	
		<b>√</b>	Suitable		→ Maybe	suitable	$\Diamond$	Not suitable	le			

>EPDM< and >VMQ< are used in glycol coolant, but not suitable for use in oils or esters.

Depending on temperature requirements, Nipol >NBR< and HyTemp >ACM< are well-suited for use in Hydrocarbon-oil based coolants. Zetpol >HNBR< is compatible with <u>all</u> dielectric fluids tested.



# Thank you for your attention!

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